# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Betco Cide-Bet II

## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	\$	Betco Cide-Bet II
Product code	÷	087
Product type	÷	Aerosol.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Disinfectant	
Uses advised against	
For Industrial and Institutional	Use Only
Supplier's details	: Betco Corporation 400 Van Camp Road Bowling Green, Ohio 43402 www.betco.com 888-462-3826
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hour
EPA Details	: EPA Statement: This chemical is a product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-EPA registered chemicals. Below is the signal word as required on the label:
EPA Establishment Number	: 4170
EPA Registration Number	: 706-65
EPA Signal Word	: Caution

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves: < 1 hour (breakthrough time): disposable vinyl. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: safety glasses. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-butoxyethanol	≤10	111-76-2
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	≤3	64-02-8
hexadecyldimethylamine N-oxide	≤3	7128-91-8
Isopropyl alcohol	≤3	67-63-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

<u>Description of necessary first aid measures</u>				
Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.		
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		

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## Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>ots</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

personnel Evacuate su entering. In escape of th ruptured, tre section. Do flares, smol adequate ve		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 49°C (120.2°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Absorbed through skin.TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 120 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 120 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 120 mg/m³ 8 hours.NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).Absorbed through skin.TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours.ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).Absorbed through skin.TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).Absorbed through skin.TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.Sopropyl alcoholSTEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/2017).TWA: 400 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.NOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.	ngredient name	Exposure limits
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate hexadecyldimethylamine N-oxide Isopropyl alcohol None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989 TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.	P-butoxyethanol	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	nexadecyldimethylamine N-oxide	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	ures de la constante de la const
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: safety glasses
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): disposable vinyl
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Personal protective	:
equipment (Pictograms)	

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Compressed gas.]
Color	: Clear. Colorless.
Odor	: Floral.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 12.2 to 13
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -104.44°C (-156°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 0.966
Solubility	: Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	: 2.98 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: Not available.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
2	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
tetrasodium ethylene diamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
tetraacetate				
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-butoxyethanol Isopropyl alcohol	-	3 3	-

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
2-butoxyethanol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects	5	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact		Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	-	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
0		
	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
	<u>sts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Delayed and immediate effect		and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available.
<u>Delayed and immediate effect</u> <u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate	:	
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate	:	Not available. Not available.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available.
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Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available. General		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. S No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate effect         Short term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Long term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential chronic health effe         Not available.         General         Carcinogenicity		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available. General		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. S No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate effects         Short term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Long term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential chronic health effects         Not available.         General         Carcinogenicity         Mutagenicity         Teratogenicity		Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate effects         Short term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Long term exposure         Potential immediate         effects         Potential delayed effects         Potential chronic health effects         Not available.         General         Carcinogenicity         Mutagenicity	: : ect	Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. S No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

Date of issue/Date of revision :
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9/21/2021

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	Acute LC50 486000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	0.81 5.01	- 1.8	low low
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Betco Cide-Bet II

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950		UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	Product Not available.	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1		2.1	2	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental nazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional inform DOT Classificati TDG Classificati ADR/RID IMDG IATA Special precaution	ion : <u>L</u> i ion : : <u>T</u> : <u>L</u> i : <u>L</u> i ns for user : Ti uj	•	Yes Yes <b>user's premises:</b> . Ensure that pers			
ransport in bulk o Annex II of MAI	according : N	ot available.				

## the IBC Code Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a)	PAIR: citronellal			
	TSCA 8(a)	CDR Exempt/Partial exe	emption: Not deterr	nined	
	Clean Wate	er Act (CWA) 311: sodiu	m hydroxide; ammo	nia	
	Clean Air A	Act (CAA) 112 regulated	flammable substa	nces: butane	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed				
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed				
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed				
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed				
<u>SARA 302/304</u>					
Composition/information	on ingredients				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/21/2021	Date of previous issue	: 2/4/2021	Version : 4	11/14

## Section 15. Regulatory information

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
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SARA 311/312

Classification

: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
2-butoxyethanol	≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
butane	≤3	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
		GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas
tetrasodium ethylene diamine	≤3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
tetraacetate		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
hexadecyldimethylamine N-oxide	≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Isopropyl alcohol	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

#### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≤10
Supplier notification	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≤10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: 2-BUTOXYETHANOL; BUTYL CELLOSOLVE; BUTANE; ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL</li> </ul>
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: 2-BUTOXY ETHANOL; BUTYL CELLOSOLVE; BUTANE; ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY-; BUTANE; 2-PROPANOL

#### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

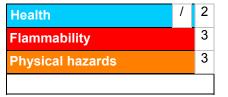
#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

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Rotterdam Convention	on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)
Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protoco	ol on POPs and Heavy Metals
Not listed.	
Inventory list	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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### Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification Justification	
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS GASES UNDER PRESSUF SKIN IRRITATION - Catego EYE IRRITATION - Catego	- Compressed gas Expert judgment 2 Expert judgment	
History		
Date of printing	: 9/21/2021	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/21/2021	
Date of previous issue	: 2/4/2021	
Version	: 4	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 19 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)	73

### **References** : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.